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**NIXON URGES MOVE  
INTO NORTH VIETNAM**

Special to The New York Times

TOKYO, Friday, April 10—Richard M. Dixon indicated here today that he favored extension of the Vietnamese hostilities to the Communist-controlled north, and would strongly recommend such action upon his return to the United States at the end of his present world tour.

The former Vice President, who has just visited Saigon, said he believed there had to be "a reappraisal of whether the present plan of allowing the Communists a privileged sanctuary in North Vietnam is adequate." "I will have recommendations to make when I get to the United States," he said at a news conference at the Imperial Hotel.

Mr. Nixon said little success attended the policy of "restricting the South Vietnamese to simply dealing with the Communist guerrillas in South Vietnam."

He said a strong body of opinion, particularly among the military, felt that merely to increase economic and military assistance would not suffice unless some countermeasures were taken against the North.

**RUSK'S ASIAN TRIP  
TO TAKE IN SAIGON****White House Adds Stop to  
Secretary's Schedule**

By HEDRICK SMITH

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, April 9—Secretary of State Dean Rusk announced a surprise decision tonight to visit South Vietnam for a first-hand look at the war against Communist guerrillas.

After a meeting with President Johnson at the White House this evening, Mr. Rusk said he would extend his forthcoming trip to the Philippines and Taiwan to include a stop in Saigon. It would be his first visit there as Secretary of State.

The Secretary will depart tomorrow for the Southeast Asia Treaty Organization's ministerial conference in Manila and discussions in Taipei with Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek.

He told newsmen at the White House that "no special emergency or crisis" had prompted him to extend his tour to include a two- or two-and-one-half-day visit to South Vietnam.

"I want to get my own impressions of the situation," he said.

**Proposed by President**

"The President asked me, while I am out in that part of the world, to go on to Saigon and talk with Ambassador (Henry Cabot) Lodge and Maj. Gen. Nguyen Khanh," he said.

He said his visit, which is expected to include personal discussions with General Khanh, South Vietnam's Premier and probable helicopter visits to the Vietnamese countryside, was "another indication of the immense importance this country attaches to the safety of South Vietnam."

Earlier in the day, State Department sources briefing newsmen on Mr. Rusk's trip made no mention of a possible stop in Vietnam. Officials later said that Mr. Rusk had been considering such a stop, since Saigon is less than three hours flying time from Taipei in Taiwan, officials said the decision that he should go was made in the White House.

**There in Previous Post**

Mr. Rusk visited South Vietnam when he was head of the Rockefeller Foundation, before joining the Kennedy Administration. This visit will give him his first opportunity as a government official to see the guerrilla war first hand.

While in Manila for the SEATO meeting, the Secretary is expected to urge the United States allies in the Pacific to make greater contributions to the war effort in South Vietnam.

Well-informed sources said the proposals would be made directly to the individual nations, outside the SEATO framework, and would not involve concerted action by the organization. Mr. Rusk is expected to urge more contributions from Australia, the Philippines and possibly New Zealand.

**French Explanation Sought**

Mr. Rusk is also expected to press the French delegation at the Manila conference for fuller explanations of President de Gaulle's plans for neutralizing Southeast Asia.

A high State Department source said Mr. Rusk had scheduled private talks with Foreign Minister Maurice Couve de Murville during their stay in Manila.

The SEATO ministerial talks will run from April 13 to 15. En route to Manila, Mr. Rusk will stop briefly in Alaska.

State Department sources said today that the SEATO talks would range over a variety of issues, including East-West relations in general and the dispute between Malaysia and Indonesia, but were expected to concentrate on the situation in South Vietnam.

**Futility Seen in Victory**

TOKYO, April 9 (AP)—Premier Georges Pompidou said today that a military victory for the forces the United States is backing in South Vietnam "would not solve anything."

The visiting Premier told a news conference:

"I don't want to seem to be a prophet of doom to our United States allies, but we have kept the memory of the bitter experiences in the Indochinese and Algerian wars. We are convinced that such a war, even if victorious, does not solve anything, and the solution can only be political."